דוגמא להרצת SIMPLEX

בצורה הסטנדרטית:

$$\begin{array}{llllllll} \text{maximize} & 3x_1 & + & x_2 & + & 2x_3 & & \\ \text{subject to} & & & & & & & \\ & x_1 & + & x_2 & + & 3x_3 & \leq & 30 \\ & 2x_1 & + & 2x_2 & + & 5x_3 & \leq & 24 \\ & 4x_1 & + & x_2 & + & 2x_3 & \leq & 36 \\ & & & x_1, x_2, x_3 & & & \geq & 0 . \end{array}$$

בצורת SLACK:

$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcrcr} z & = & & & 3x_1 & + & x_2 & + & 2x_3 \\ x_4 & = & 30 & - & x_1 & - & x_2 & - & 3x_3 \\ x_5 & = & 24 & - & 2x_1 & - & 2x_2 & - & 5x_3 \\ x_6 & = & 36 & - & 4x_1 & - & x_2 & - & 2x_3 . \end{array}$$

x_1: משתנה לא בסיסי נכנס

x_6: משתנה בסיסי יוצא

נקבל $x_1 = 9 - \frac{1}{4}x_2 - \frac{1}{2}x_3 - \frac{1}{4}x_6$

$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcrcr} z & = & 27 & + & \frac{x_2}{4} & + & \frac{x_3}{2} & - & \frac{3x_6}{4} \\ x_1 & = & 9 & - & \frac{x_2}{4} & - & \frac{x_3}{2} & - & \frac{x_6}{4} \\ x_4 & = & 21 & - & \frac{3x_2}{4} & - & \frac{5x_3}{2} & + & \frac{x_6}{4} \\ x_5 & = & 6 & - & \frac{3x_2}{2} & - & 4x_3 & + & \frac{x_6}{2} . \end{array}$$

x_3: נכנס, x_5: יוצא. נקבל $x_3 = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{8}x_2 + \frac{1}{8}x_6 - \frac{1}{4}x_5$

$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcrcr} z & = & \frac{111}{4} & + & \frac{x_2}{16} & - & \frac{x_5}{8} & - & \frac{11x_6}{16} \\ x_1 & = & \frac{33}{4} & - & \frac{x_2}{16} & + & \frac{x_5}{8} & - & \frac{5x_6}{16} \\ x_3 & = & \frac{3}{2} & - & \frac{3x_2}{8} & - & \frac{x_5}{4} & + & \frac{x_6}{8} \\ x_4 & = & \frac{69}{4} & + & \frac{3x_2}{16} & + & \frac{5x_5}{8} & - & \frac{x_6}{16} . \end{array}$$

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x_2 נכנס, x_3 יוצא

$x_2 = 4 - \frac{8}{3}x_3 - \frac{2}{3}x_5 + \frac{1}{3}$

$$\begin{array}{rcrcrcrcr} z & = & 28 & - & \frac{x_3}{6} & - & \frac{x_5}{6} & - & \frac{2x_6}{3} \\ x_1 & = & 8 & + & \frac{x_3}{6} & + & \frac{x_5}{6} & - & \frac{x_6}{3} \\ x_2 & = & 4 & - & \frac{8x_3}{3} & - & \frac{2x_5}{3} & + & \frac{x_6}{3} \\ x_4 & = & 18 & - & \frac{x_3}{2} & + & \frac{x_5}{2} & & . \end{array}$$

כל המקדמים בפונק' המטרה שליליים:

סיום ההרצה

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PIVOT(N, B, A, b, c, v, l, e)
// Compute the coefficients of the equation for new basic variable x_e.
let Â be a new m × n matrix
b̂_e = b_l / a_le
for each j ∈ N − {e}
    â_ej = a_lj / a_le
â_el = 1 / a_le
// Compute the coefficients of the remaining constraints.
for each i ∈ B − {l}
    b̂_i = b_i − a_ie b̂_e
    for each j ∈ N − {e}
        â_ij = a_ij − a_ie â_ej
    â_il = −a_ie â_el
// Compute the objective function.
v̂ = v + c_e b̂_e
for each j ∈ N − {e}
    ĉ_j = c_j − c_e â_ej
ĉ_l = −c_e â_el
// Compute new sets of basic and nonbasic variables.
N̂ = N − {e} ∪ {l}
B̂ = B − {l} ∪ {e}
return (N̂, B̂, Â, b̂, ĉ, v̂)
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SIMPLEX(A, b, c)
(N, B, A, b, c, v) = INITIALIZE-SIMPLEX(A, b, c)
let Δ be a new vector of length n
while some index j ∈ N has c_j > 0
    choose an index e ∈ N for which c_e > 0
    for each index i ∈ B
        if a_ie > 0
            Δ_i = b_i / a_ie
        else Δ_i = ∞
    choose an index l ∈ B that minimizes Δ_i
    if Δ_l == ∞
        return "unbounded"
    else (N, B, A, b, c, v) = PIVOT(N, B, A, b, c, v, l, e)
for i = 1 to n
    if i ∈ B
        x̄_i = b_i
    else x̄_i = 0
return (x̄_1, x̄_2, ..., x̄_n)
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INITIALIZE-SIMPLEX(A, b, c)
let k be the index of the minimum b_i
if b_k ≥ 0                    // is the initial basic solution feasible?
    return ({1,2,...,n}, {n+1, n+2,...,n+m}, A, b, c, 0)
form L_aux by adding −x_0 to the left-hand side of each constraint
    and setting the objective function to −x_0
let (N, B, A, b, c, v) be the resulting slack form for L_aux
l = n + k
// L_aux has n + 1 nonbasic variables and m basic variables.
(N, B, A, b, c, v) = PIVOT(N, B, A, b, c, v, l, 0)
// The basic solution is now feasible for L_aux.
iterate the while loop of lines 3–12 of SIMPLEX until an optimal solution
    to L_aux is found
if the optimal solution to L_aux sets x̄_0 to 0
    if x̄_0 is basic
        perform one (degenerate) pivot to make it nonbasic
    from the final slack form of L_aux, remove x_0 from the constraints and
        restore the original objective function of L, but replace each basic
        variable in this objective function by the right-hand side of its
        associated constraint
    return the modified final slack form
else return "infeasible"
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